Gamma <u>instabus</u>

SIEMENS

Application program description

January 2015

25 CO Presence Detector, Constant Contr. 920601	5WG1 258-2EB22
25 CO Presence Detector, Brightness sensor 920501	5WG1 258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920701	5WG1 255-2DB21

Use of the application program

Product family: Physical sensors Manufacturer: Siemens

This document describes all functions; not all functions are available in all devices.

Description	Presence Detector, Constant Controller UP 258E22	Presence Detector, Brightness Sensor UP 258D12	Brightness Controller UP 255D21
Order number (MLFB)	5WG1 258-2EB22	5WG1 258-2DB12	5WG1 255-2DB21
Application	25 CO Presence Detector, Constant Contr. 920601	25 CO Presence Detector, Brightness Sensor 920501	25 CO Brightness Controller 920701
Motion detector	Yes	Yes	No
Locking mode	Yes	No	No
Presence detector	Yes	Yes	No
Locking mode	Yes	No	No
HVAC detector	Yes	Yes	No
Brightness measuring	Yes	Yes	Yes
2-level light control (switching)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Constant light level control (dimming)	Yes	No	Yes
IR receiver	Yes	Yes	Yes

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1 Functional description

The device is a presence/motion detector with integrated constant light level control. The device communicates via KNX with actuators or other KNX devices. It is designed for mounting on the ceiling. Owing to its tilting sensor head, the device can be aligned with the required capture area. The main application for the device is automatic control of the lighting on an office workplace.

1.1 Presence / Motion detector

The detector senses the presence of a person or that there is no longer anyone in its detection area. The detector signal can be analyzed via two separate communication channels, termed motion detector and presence detector. The detection range is identical for all channels. Each channel can be locked individually via objects.

1.2 Presence detector (HVAC)

The detector has an additional control output for HVAC applications.

For example, this function can switch systems that are used for heating, ventilating and climate control (HVAC) of the room from "Energy saving mode" in an unused room to "Comfort mode" in an occupied room and back to "Energy saving mode", when the room is again unoccupied.

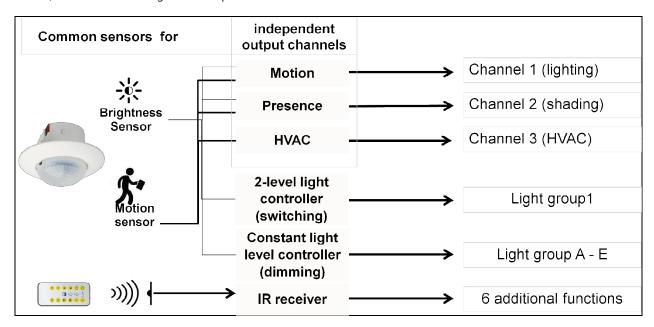


Fig. 1 Three independent configuration detector channels for different applications

1.3 Functionality of the Presence detector / Motion detector / HVAC-detector

For each detector channel 4 communication objects are available, in sum 12 different communication objects. It is possible to send one or two KNX telegrams at the beginning and at the end of a detected presence, according to configuration. The values of the communication objects are configured for each functional block (motion detector, presence detector, HVAC-detector) via corresponding parameters.

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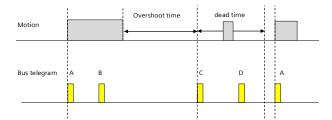


Fig. 2 Flowchart

Each time a presence is detected, the overshoot time is started. Its duration is configurable for each functional block separately. The end of presence is determined by the end of the overshoot time.

The duration of the dead time is also configurable per functional block. It is used to protect the actuators that are connected to the detector. If a presence is detected during the dead time, neither telegrams are sent nor the overshoot time is started.

In the following the telegrams, which are send at the beginning of a presence, are called **A** and **B**, the telegrams, which are sent at the end of a presence, are called **C** and **D**.

Operating Sequence

After the device has detected a presence, telegram **A** is sent immediately. If it has been configured to send also a telegram **B**, then telegram **B** is sent after the configured time (optionally also cyclically).

If there are no motions any more, at the end of the overshoot time telegram **C** and (if configured) telegram **D** are sent. Telegram **D** can also be sent cyclically.

If there are motions during the overshoot time is running, the overshoot time is restarted.

1.4 Use as single device or as main detector, respectively secondary detector

The detector can be operated as an independent device, as the main or secondary detector.

According to the requirement, additional presence detectors can be connected with the "main detector" via KNX as "secondary detectors" to extend the presence detection zone. "Secondary detectors" supply motion information only to the main detector.

1.5 Brightness measuring – adjustable via KNX

The device contains an independent light sensor. The signal measured there is available both at the KNX and internally.

Because the light sensor measures directly, it must be possible to calibrate it for indirect measurement, so that it can be adapted to the different installation sites. Rapid brightness fluctuations are filtered out. The measurement range of the internal light sensor is between 20 and 1000 lux.

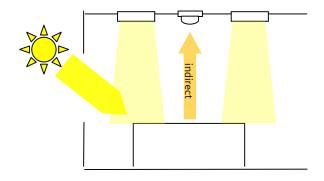


Fig. 3 indirect brightness measuring

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The settings determine whether the brightness value computed by the device or a brightness value received from outside is used for the detector's remaining functional blocks.

For indirect brightness measuring a maximal distance of 2,8 m is recommended. In case of larger distances the measuring can be realized via a reference area with 2,8 m distance.

1.6 Integrated 2-level light control (switching)

If the brightness controller is enabled (automatic mode) the lighting is switched on as soon as the brightness falls below a set lower threshold. The lighting is switched off if the set upper brightness threshold is exceeded. The brightness thresholds are variable either via parameters or via communication objects.

The controller can also be operated semi-automatically by separating into two individual switching objects for exceeding or falling below the threshold. In this way, it can be switched to "Only on" or "Only off."

If the controller receives a switching or dimming command via the associated communication object over KNX, then this is deemed an external override and the controller switches automatic mode off. This change of status is sent simultaneously on the bus via the "Automatic Status" object.

1.7 Integrated constant light level control (dimming)

The luminance of the day light falling through a window into a room decreases in the room with the distance from the window.

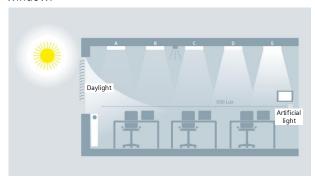


Fig. 4 Principal of constant light level control with five luminaries

Depending on lamp type, the lighting is controlled to the preset brightness value via dimming actuators or switching/dimming actuators. The brightness setpoint may be configured via a parameter or set via a communication object.

For optimum use of the day light penetrating the room the presence detector with constant light level control offers the option to control a main lighting group directly and up to four additional lighting control groups each via their own characteristic curve and their own controller (master/slave operation).

All lighting groups are dimmed to the same set point value. This allows controlling the light level in a room with only one presence detector with constant light level control. Depending on the relative distance of the additional lighting groups to the window compared to the main lighting group, each of these additional lighting groups has to be dimmed brighter or darker than the main lighting group.

Firstly, this requires determining the installation position of the presence detector. The presence detector can be installed on the ceiling at any of the positions A –E. The position of the presence detector determining the main lighting group is in principle freely selectable. Yet, it should be close to the window allowing the best measurement of the daylight contribution.

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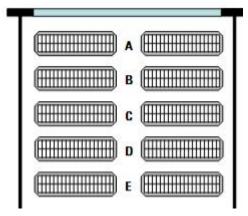


Fig. 5 Position of lighting groups A-E

For master/slave operation the day light curve under lighting groups A – E has to be captured. For this purpose the artificial lighting has to be completely turned off, such that just the natural day light is illuminating the room. Ideally, the day light is evenly falling into the room (no sharp shade / sunlight edges), bright, and diffused, e.g. at noon on a bright day with overcast sky. Under each lighting group the luminance (Lux) has to be measured manually and these values have to be entered into ETS.



Fig. 6 Parameters for measured brightness values

The control characteristic curve for the additional lighting groups has to be determined without day light. For that purpose the room has to be completely darkened or the characteristic curve has to be determined at night. Sending a start signal to communication object 71 starts the determination of the characteristic curves. The presence detector automatically generates 15 discrete control values in the range 0%...100% for each constant light level controller of the main and additional lighting groups. The controllers send dimming values to the corresponding lighting groups and the presence detector measures the resulting luminance level. The period for the measurement can be configured between 10 and 60 seconds to allow for optimal pre-heating of the lamps.



Fig. 7 Parameters for control characteristics

After successful completion or interruption of the calibration run the controller is in the state "inactive". In case of successful completion the lighting groups are set to 50%, in case of a failure to minimum value \sim 6%.

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During operation the constant light level controller can take up to four different states:

<u>Active</u>: In this state the constant lighting control is active. In a configurable period the controller compares set point and actual values and sends a control value.

<u>Inactive:</u> In the state the controller is passive. The controller does not compare set point value and actual value and does not send control values.

<u>Stand-by:</u> In this state the controller is passive. Different from the state "inactive" it still compares the set point value with the actual value. On a corresponding difference between set point value and actual value the controller automatically switches to the active state.

<u>Off:</u> The controller function is stopped and actuators for main and additional lighting groups are first dimmed to a minimum and then completely turned off a second later.

Behavior on bus voltage failure / recovery

On bus voltage failure the current setpoint value is saved.

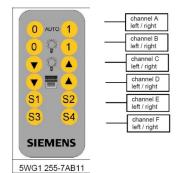
On bus voltage recovery the setpoint value is restored. The controller is in the state OFF.

1.8 Operation via infrared (IR) remote control

The IR receiver integrated in the presence detector can control light and shade, as well as store and call up scenes via a special IR remote control.

The IR commands implemented can be combined via communication objects with the other function blocks or used to control other devices.

The integrated IR receiver-decoder can be controlled only with one of the Siemens IR remote controls shown below. The remote controls have a range of about 10 meters.



The functionality of button pairs A to F (see above diagram) will be configured via the ETS.

Channel F can be used optional to enable / disable the programming mode.

1.9 Application program

You need the KNX Engineering Tool Software (ETS) version 3.0 f and higher to load the application program.

1.10 Commissioning / Factory default settings

After programming the device starts up with a warm-up phase of about 40 seconds.

Factory default settings

In the factory default state, the parameter Operating Mode is set to Setting Mode.

While the device is in "Setting Mode", the integrated programming LED displays the PIR sensor state. (illuminates briefly with motion)

In factory default setting the programming mode can be enabled and disabled via IR remote control (5WG1 255-7AB11) channel F.

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Programming mode

A short press of the learning button (< 2 s) enables the programming mode. This is indicated by the programming key (LED). An additional press disables the programming mode.

Factory settings (only UP 255D21 and UP 258D12)

A very long press of the learning button (> 20 s) sets the device to factory default. This will be indicated by a continuous flashing of the programming LED for ~ 8 s.

Note (only UP 255D21 and UP 258D12)

A long press of the learning button (> 5 s to 20 s) enables the connection test for commissioning with Desigo. This mode will be disabled by an additional short press of the learning button.

Behaviour after programming

The behavior of the device after programming with the ETS is dependent on the configuration.

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2 Parameter and Communication objects

The communication objects listed in the following paragraphs are available. Which of them are visible and can be linked with group addresses will be determined by setting the parameters.

Description	Presence detector, constant light UP 258E22	Presence detector, brightness sensor UP 258D12	Brightness Controller UP 255D21
Order number (MLFB)	5WG1 258-2EB22	5WG1 258-2DB12	5WG1 255-2DB21
Application	25 CO Presence detector, constant light 920601	25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920501	25 CO Brightness controller 920701
Maximum number of group addresses	160	160	100
Maximum number of assignments	200	200	100

Note

The number and type of visible objects can vary dependent on the parameter settings.

2.1 General

2.1.1 Parameter General

Parameter	Settings
Operating mode	normal (40s start up time)
	test mode (5s ramp up without LED)
	test mode (5s ramp up with LED)
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Use these parameters to determine the mode.

During the test phase the test mode with or without LED can be selected. If "test mode (5s ramp up without LED)" is selected, the LED of the detector does not flash. So it is possible to test the brightness threshold and the delay time.

In "test mode (5s ramp up with LED)", the integrated programming LED shows the status of the motion detector. So it is possible to test the detection range of the PIR sensor independent of the brightness value:

LED stays on:

 LED flashes (clocking sequence):
 LED comes on for a short time:

 Programming mode

 Device running up

 Motion has been detected

After the test phase has been finished, the operating mode "normal" should be selected. Afterwards the software has to be downloaded again to the device

ca again to the device:		
	Evaluate status object [sec.]	0 – 255
	(0 = no evaluation)	4

When switching lights on and off in a detector's detection area, the change of temperature of the lighting may lead to motion being detected incorrectly. To prevent this, the sensor is disabled for a certain time (0 - 255 seconds).

2.1.2 Parameter Functional blocks

Parameter	Settings
Motion detector	deactivated
	active

This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be carried out according to the motion detector criteria. If it is set to "inactive" all relevant additional parameters and objects are invisible.

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Parameter	Settings		
Presence detector	deactivated		
	active		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be all relevant additional parameters and objects are invisibl	e carried out according to the presence detector criteria. If it is set to "inactive" e.		
Presence detector (HVAC) (Heating, Ventilating, Air	deactivated		
Conditioning)	active		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be all relevant additional parameters and objects are invisibl	carried out according to the criteria for HVAC control. If it is set to "inactive" e.		
Light control (on-off)	active		
	deactivated		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be relevant additional parameters and objects are invisible.	carried out according to the criteria for light control. If it is set to "inactive" all		
Constant light level control continuous	deactivated		
•	active		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be carried out according to the criteria for constant light level control. If it is set to "inactive" all relevant additional parameters and objects are invisible.			
IR-Decoder	deactivated		
	active		
This parameter determines whether an analysis has to be "inactive" all relevant additional parameters and objects a	carried out according to the signals received from the IR decoder. If it is set to are invisible.		

2.1.3 General object

Objno. O	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
0 St	tatus of switching actuator	On/Off	1 bit	CRWT

This object notifies the detector whether the actuator controlled by the device has switched. If a change of status (1->0 or 0->1) has occurred, then the sensor is not analyzed for a configurable time. This prevents the detector sensing the fall in temperature of an incandescent lamp that has just been switched off as motion.

2.2 Brightness measuring

2.2.1 Parameter

Parameter	Settings			
Measuring method of internal light sensor	indirect (calibration by user)			
The internal light sensor can only measure directly. The light level on the desk can be determined indirectly by recomputing, if the parameter is set accordingly. For this, the detector's brightness measurement function must be calibrated.				
Calibration	via object with adjustment factor			
Calibration is carried out either via an object (no. 27) or vi	ia adjustment factor.			
Adjustment factor (x 0.1)	1 - 200, 10			
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Calibration" is set to "with adjustment factor." In this case, the light measured by the light sensor is multiplied by 0.1 of the set adjustment factor.				
Number of values for calculation of average 1; 2; 4; 8				
The internal light sensor measures every second. For brightness measurement, the mean value can be formed from several values measured consecutively. The number of values to be used to form the mean value is determined via the above parameter.				
Send brightness value cyclically no 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 30 seconds 1 minute				
This parameter determines whether and at what intervals the brightness value determined is sent via the bus.				

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Parameter	Settings
Send brightness value on change	no at small change at medium change at large change
This parameter determines whether the brightness value is sent automatically and immediately when it changes.	

2.2.2 Communication objects

Objno.	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
25	Brightness value	value in LUX	2 Byte	CRWT
	(internal)		9.004	

This object sends its brightness value to the brightness measuring device. If cyclical sending is switched off, then the value can be determined via the bus with a read query.

The measurement range for the internal light sensor is between 20 and 1000 LUX.

This value can be changed by calibration.

The upper limit for the internal brightness value after calibration is 20000 LUX

The upper limit for the internal brightness value after cambration is 20000 LOX.					
26	Brightness value (extern)	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW	
This object feeds a value from an external brightness measuring device.					
27	Brightness value (calibration)	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW	

Because the light sensor measures only the light reflected from the desk, it can be calibrated.

During calibration, the brightness value in the room in which the device has been mounted should be that used later as the setpoint for constant lighting control.

The ETS (diagnostic mode -> send telegram) is used to send the previously measured value to the device via the above object. The measured value is entered as a decimal number in the entry field of the ETS. The ETS codes this value as DPT 9.004 (EIS5) and sends it to the device. As soon as the value has been received, the adjustment factor is computed from it (brightness value = adjustment factor * measured value).

If the parameter "Measuring method of the internal light sensor" has been set to "indirect," the recomputed value is output as the internal brightness value.

Note 1: When calibrating object 27, plausibility checks are carried out. If the value communicated via the object is more than 20 times the value measured by the internal light sensor, the adjustment factor is set to 1. It is the same if a value above the internal brightness value (20,000 LUX) is transferred.

In case of a received telegram with 0 LUX the factor will be reset to "1" (= factory settings).

Note 2: Owing to rounding errors, the measured and recomputed brightness value ("Internal brightness value") can differ slightly from the value recorded with the external measuring device.

Note 3: The controller works only properly if the calibration procedure was successful and is stored within the flash memory.

After a firmware update the factor and the control characteristic remains.

2.3 Motion detector / Presence detector

2.3.1 Parameter

In the following paragraphs the parameters for the functional block "Motion detector" are described. The configuration for the functional block "Presence detector" is performed similar.

Parameter	Settings
Lock motion sensor via comm-object	no
	yes
This parameter determines if the motion detector can be locked and unlocked via a communication object.	

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Parameter	Settings
Value of locking object after bus voltage recovery	Off (0)
	On (1)
	as before bus voltage failure
	query via bus
This parameter determines what the value of the locking	communication object will be after bus voltage recovery.
Locking is active if locking object = 0	
	if locking object = 1
This parameter determines how the value of the locking communication object is analyzed.	
Locking object acts on sensor	
	objects (A-B-C-D) (UP 258E22 only)

This parameter defines the behavior of the lock.:

Sensor: When 'locked', the sensor itself is disabled. If the overshoot timer has already started (detector switched on), the overshoot timer will be continued and after the overshoot time the detector switches off (sends C-D). Retriggering through the detector is not possible as long the lock is set. Retriggering via the extension object is still possible.

Objects: When 'locked' the output communication objects A-B and C-D of the detector will be controlled. Triggering via the extension object is still possible.

Behaviour if lock is enabled	detector switches ON, sends A-B
	detector switches OFF, sends C-D
	detector sends no telegram

This parameter is visible only when parameter "Lock acts on" is set to "objects (A-B-C-D)".

detector sends no telegram: Throughout the entire time that the detector has been 'locked', it is still passively monitoring to detect motion, but just not sending any of the associated telegrams.

This parameter has the following parameter set:

Behaviour if lock is disabled	detector sends current status A-B or C-D)
	detector sends no telegram

detector sends current status (A-B or C-D): If the lock is disabled the detector sends the current status including the overshoot time left. This behaviour is used for applications "silent mode", during locking phase no telegrams will be sent.

Detector sends no telegrams: If the lock is disabled no telegram will be sent at all. The device enters normal mode again only in case of a new presence detection.

detector switches ON, sends A-B: When the detector is 'locked' telegrams A(B) are sent. However no telegrams will be sent if the overshoot timer was active prior to 'locking'. This mode is useful for "continuous ON" applications. This parameter has the following parameter set:

Behaviour if lock is disabled	detector switches delay off, sends C-D
	detector switches at once off, sends C-D

Detector switches delay off, sends C-D: The overshoot timer will be restarted after Retriggering via the extension object is still possible. 'unlock'. If no motion is detected after 'unlocking' the detector sends C(D) after the overshoot time. If motion is detected after 'unlocking' the overshoot time is retriggered.

Detector switches at once off, sends C-D: Telegrams C(D) are sent at once. After unlocking between A and B, B will not be sent, but C-D immediately.

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Parameter	Settings
	locked telegrams C(D) are sent only if the overshoot timer was already active, "continuous OFF" applications. This parameter has the following parameter
Behaviour if lock is disabled	detector sends no telegram detector sends current status (A-B or C-D)
Detector sends no telegrams: : If the lock is disabled	no telegram will be sent at all.
	up to brightness level 2Lux up to brightness level 5Lux up to brightness level 10Lux up to brightness level 15Lux up to brightness level 20Lux up to brightness level 20Lux up to brightness level 50Lux up to brightness level 200Lux up to brightness level 500Lux up to brightness level 500Lux up to brightness level 1000Lux brightness independent dent on the ambient brightness. If a movement has already been detected
(overshoot time running), then there is no further analys during a detected motion, then the overshoot time is res	is of the ambient brightness. In other words, if further motions are detected
Source for brightness value	internal value external value
	d for analyzing the brightness threshold. If this parameter is set to "Internal e is used. If "External value," the value from the communication object is used. If "External value," the bus.
Device works as	single or master device slave
This parameter determines whether the detector is used motion sensors.	as a standalone device or as a master or as a slave in conjunction with other
Value of locking object after bus voltage recovery	off on as before bus voltage failure query via bus
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Lock moti This parameter determines with which value the object"	

2.3.1.1 <u>Begin of Motion</u>

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings
If motion is detected, send (A)	no telegram On Off 8-bit value 8-bit value (selectable) (UP 258E22 only) scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)
This parameter determines whether a telegram is	sent after a motion is detected and what format the telegram has.
Send second telegram (B)	no yes
This parameter determines whether a second tele	gram is sent after a delay to the first.

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Parameter	Settings
Value [0 255]	0 – 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255.	'If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "8-bit value."
Value (if Obj. 28 = 0) (0255)	0 - 255, 0
Value (if Obj. 28 = 1) (0255)	0 - 255, 0
UP 258E22 only: This parameter is only visible, if the prevable)". These define the vales which will be used depend	rious parameter "If motion is detected, send (A) " is set to "8-bit value (selecting on object 28 "8-bit value selection, motion, A/C".
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	
Value [0 65 535]	0 – 65 535, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65,5	'If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)." 35.
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F ; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter $^{\prime}$ This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0°C / 3	'If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)." 2F - 40.0°C / 104F.
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 250LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 750LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX -	If motion is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)." 2000 LUX .
Delay for second telegram [0 255 Seconds]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter	'Send second telegram (B)" is set to "Yes."
This determines the time interval between sending the fi	rst telegram (A) and the second telegram (B).
Second telegram (B)	On Off 8-bit value scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter This determines the format of the second telegram (B).	'Send second telegram (B)" is set to "Yes."
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255.	Second telegram (B)" is set to "8-bit value."
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter	
This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 6553	
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F ; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter $^\prime$ This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0°C / 3	'Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)." 2F - 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.

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25 CO Presence detector, brightness sensor 920501	5WG1 258-2DB12
25 CO Brightness Controller 920701	5WG1 255-2DB21

Parameter	Settings
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
	arameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)."
This parameter is visible only if the preceding pa	arameter become telegram (b) is set to no bit value (brightness).
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parties the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	e 0 LUX - 2000 LUX .
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	e 0 LUX - 2000 LUX .
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	no 1 second
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	no 1 second 5 seconds

The following parameter is visible only if the device is working as a slave (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Slave").

Parameter	Settings
Send trigger telegrams cyclically	no 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 30 seconds 1 minute

A device in slave mode can only send an "On telegram" to the master if motion has been detected to trigger this via the secondary input. The internal overshoot time of 10 seconds is fixed, i.e. a telegram can be sent every 10 seconds to the master at most.

If the slave detector is triggered permanently, then a telegram is sent to the master only on the first triggering. However, if the user in this case wants to send further telegrams, then this can be achieved, but the above parameters must be set accordingly.

2.3.1.2 Versohlt time

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings
Timer	one overshoot time
	two overshoot times
	variable overshoot time

This parameter determines whether the overshoot time is always the same ("One overshoot time") or can be changed via a bus telegram (object no. 5).

If "Two overshoot times" are set, then overshoot time 0 or overshoot time 1 can be selected via the telegram. If the "Timer" parameter is set to "variable overshoot times," then the telegram stipulates a value.

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Parameter	Settings
Hours [0 23]	0 – 23, 0
Minutes [0 59]	0 – 59, 0
Seconds [0 59]	0 – 59, 10

These parameters determine the minimum time for a detected motion. At the end of the overshoot time, one or two telegrams are sent on the bus (configurable). If a movement has already been detected (overshoot time running) and further motion occurs, then the overshoot time is restarted.

If the "Timer" parameter described above is set to "Two overshoot times," then these parameters are available twice (overshoot time and overshoot time 2).

If the "Timer" parameter described above is set to "variable overshoot time," then these parameters allow configuring default settings, which may be changed via the bus. The parameter for hours can only be set to a value in the range [0...15].

2.3.1.3 End of Motion

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings		
If motion is no longer detected, send (C)	no telegram		
•	On		
	Off		
	8-bit value		
	8-bit value (selectable)		
	scene recall		
	16-bit value (decimal)		
	16-bit value (temperature)		
	16-bit value (brightness)		
This parameter determines whether a telegram o overshoot time.	or which telegram is sent, if no further movement has been detected by the end of the		
Send second telegram (D)	no		
	yes		
This parameter determines whether a second tele	· ·		
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par	rameter "If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "8-bit value."		
This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0	- 255.		
Value (if Obj. 28 = 0) (0255) 0 - 255, 0			
Value (if Obj. 28 = 1) (0255)	0 - 255, 0		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par	rameter "If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "8-bit value (selectable)."		
This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0	– 255, depending on object 28 "8-bit value selection, motion A/C"		
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par	rameter "If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "scene recall."		
This parameter determines the number of the 8-l	pit scene to be called up.		
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par	rameter "If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)".		
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	0 – 65,535.		
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F ; 39.5°C/		
	103F; 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F;		
	16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding p	arameter "If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (tempera-		
ture)."			

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Parameter	Settings
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	"If motion is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)."
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX -	2000 LUX .
Delay for second telegram [0 255 Seconds]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter ' $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) $	
This determines the time interval between sending the fir	rst telegram (C) and the second telegram (D).
Second telegram (D)	On Off 8-bit value scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter 'This determines the format of the second telegram (D).	Send second telegram (D)" is set to "Yes."
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter '	"Second telegram (D)" is set to "8-bit value."
This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range $0 - 255$.	
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter	
This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter 'This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65,5	
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F ; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F
D This parameter is visible only if the preceding paramete This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0°C / 3	er "Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)."
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 650LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter 'This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX -	"Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)." 2000 LUX.
Send second telegram (D) cyclically	no 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 30 seconds 1 minute
If you want cyclical sending after a motion is detected, th	en this parameter must be set to the corresponding value.
Send telegram (C) [and D] after bus voltage recovery	no yes
This parameter determines whether telegram C and (if co	I onfigured) telegram D are also sent automatically after bus voltage recovery.

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Parameter	Settings
Dead time after end of detection (in sec.)	0 - 59, 5

The dead time is used to protect the actuator that is connected to the motion detector. If a motion occurs in the dead time, the motion detector does not switch on.

Note 1: The dead time should be set to a longer time than the delay time between telegrams C and D, because otherwise telegram D may fail.

Note 2: Because the sensor is enabled internally for approximately 3 seconds after detecting a motion, it can be that a motion detected during the dead time also triggers a telegram. This is the case if the motion is detected during the last 3 seconds of the dead time. To guarantee that the dead time is effective, it should be chosen to be as large as possible.

Dead time is also applied for extension input	no
	yes

If the dead time is configured such that it also acts on the secondary device, then a trigger received from the secondary device is "interim stored" by the detector. The corresponding telegrams A to D will be sent after the dead time has elapsed.

If the parameter is set to "No", then the triggers received from the secondary device, take effect immediately.

2.3.2 Communication objects motion detector

Objno.	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
1	Start of Motion, A	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On / Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected motion or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall DPT 17.001

Note: After bus voltage recovery, there is a break of approximately 30 seconds before the detector can send via this object.

2	Start of Motion, B	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On / Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected motion or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (OLUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall DPT 17.001

Telegram B is sent after telegram A, if this has been configured. The delay time between A and B is also configurable.

3	End of Motion, C	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On / Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the end of a detected motion or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

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Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
4	End of Motion, D	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On / Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the end of a detected motion or upon external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall -DPT 17.001

Telegram D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured. The delay time between C and D is also configurable.

5	Motion, Overshoot Time	value	2 Byte	CRWT
			8.001	
		time 1 = 0 / time 2 = 1	1 bit	
			1.001	

This object controls the detector overshoot time. Depending on configuration either a current value (DPT 8.001, resolution 1 second) or one of the preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time 0 or overshoot time 1) is selected.

This object is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus voltage recovery.

6	Motion detector lock	On/Off	1 bit	CRWTU
			1.003	

This object locks and releases the detector again.

The parameter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to set whether the detector is locked when a "0" is received or when a "1" is received. It can also be determined that the detector is never locked, regardless of the above object.

Note: Any motion detections annunciated via objects 7 and 8, Extension input motion, are still obeyed. A locked detector evaluates detected motions depending on its parameter setting. The start value after bus voltage recovery is configurable.

7	Extension input, Motion	On	1 bit	CRWT
			1.001	

The detector is triggered from external via this object. This means, as soon as the detector receives the value "1" via this object, telegram A and B (object 1 and 2) are sent, according to the configuration. The extension objects are enabled during lock mode.

8	Extension input, Motion	Off	1 bit	CRWT
			1.001	

The detector is switched off from external via this object. This means, as soon as the detector receives the value "0" via this object, telegram C and D (object 3 and 4) are sent, according to the configuration. The extension objects are enabled during lock mode.

28 8-bit value selection, Motion, A/C value 1 / value 2 1 bit CRW					
	28	8-bit value selection, Motion, A/C	value 1 / value 2	1 bit	CRW

The detector sends value 1 (0...255) in case of receiving "0" and value 2 (0...255) when "1".

In case of bus voltage recovery value 1 is used as default.

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2.3.3 Communication objects presence detector

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
9	Start of Presence, A	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected presence or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (OLUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall -DPT 17.001

Note: After bus voltage recovery, there is a break of approximately 30 seconds before the detector can send via this object.

10	Start of Presence, B	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected presence or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

Telegram B is sent after telegram A, if this has been configured. The delay time between A and B is also configurable.

11	End of Presence, C	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		scene recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the end of a detected presence or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

12	End of Presence, D	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the end of a detected presence or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (OLUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

Telegram D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured. The delay time between C and D is also configurable.

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Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
13	Presence, Overshoot Time	value	2 Byte 8.001	CRWT
		time 1 = 0 / time 2 1	! = 1 bit 1.001	
	t controls the detector overshoot time. Depending on configu the preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time 0 or overs		alue (DPT 8.001, res	solution 1 second)
This objec	t is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus voltage red	covery.		
14	Presence lock	On/Off	1 bit 1.003	CRWTU
15	ealue after bus voltage recovery is configurable. Extension input, Presence	On	1 bit	CRWT
	resence tor is triggered from external via this object. This means, as so d B (object 9 and 10) are sent, according to the configuration			
4.0				
16	Extension input, Presence	Off	1 bit 1.001	
The detect		soon as the detector red	1 bit 1.001 ceives the value "0"	CRWT via this object,
The detect	Presence tor is switched off from external via this object. This means, as	soon as the detector red	1 bit 1.001 ceives the value "0"	CRWT via this object,

2.4 HVAC-Presence detector

2.4.1 Parameter

Parameter	Settings	
Lock HVAC sensor via commobject	no Yes, if locking object = 0 Yes, if locking object = 1	
This parameter determines how the value of the locking object is analyzed.		
Interval time for HVAC-Presence detection (minutes)	0 – 15; 5	
This parameter determines the time interval in which the	motion pulses are counted.	
Minimum number of detected motions during interval time	1 – 50; 3	
This parameter determines the number of motions that have to be detected during the monitoring time to meet the criterion for starting the HVAC presence. This ensures that a HVAC presence starts only if persons remain in the capture area of the detector for a longer period.		
Device works as	single or master device slave	
This parameter determines whether the detector is used motion sensors.	as a standalone device or as a master or as a slave in conjunction with other	

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2.4.1.1 <u>Begin of HVAC Presence</u>

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings
If HVAC-Presence is detected, send (A)	no telegram
	On Office of the Control of the Cont
	Off
	8-bit value scene recall
	16-bit value (decimal)
	16-bit value (temperature)
	16-bit value (brightness)
This parameter determines whether a telegram is	s sent after a presence is detected and what format the telegram has.
Send second telegram (B)	no yes
This parameter determines whether a second tele	egram is sent after a delay to the first.
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par	ameter "If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "8-bit value."
This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0	
Scene number	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64
	rameter "If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "scene recall".
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par This parameter determines the number of the 8-k	
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0
	·
	ameter "If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)".
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65535.	
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par	ameter "If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)".
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	
0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.	ALLIN ALLIN SLLIN SLLIN SLLIN SLLIN SLLIN SSLLIN SS
Value	0LUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX;
	100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX;
	500LUX ; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par	rameter "If HVAC presence is detected, send (A)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)".
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	afficient in HVAC presence is detected, send (A) is set to To-bit value (brightness).
0 LUX - 2000 LUX.	
Delay for second telegram	0 - 255, 0
[0 255 seconds]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding par	ameter "Send second telegram (B)" is set to "Yes".
	ng the first telegram (A) and the second telegram (B).
Second telegram (B)	On
3	Off
	8-bit value
	scene recall
	16-bit value (decimal)
	16-bit value (temperature)
	I 16-bit value (brightness)
This parameter is visible only if the preceding per	16-bit value (brightness) rameter "Send second telegram (B)" is set to "Yes".

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Parameter	Settings		
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "8-bit value". This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 255.			
Scene number	Scene 1, scene 2, scene 64		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "scene recall". This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene to be called up.			
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65535.			
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range $0.0^{\circ}\text{C}/32\text{F} - 40.0^{\circ}\text{C}/104\text{F}$.			
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 250LUX; 250LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX		
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter "This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LUX - 2000 LUX .	Second telegram (B)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)".		
Send second telegram (B) cyclically If you want cyclical sending after a motion is detected, the	no 1 second 5 seconds 10 seconds 30 seconds 1 minute		

The following parameter is visible only if the device is working as a slave (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Slave").

Parameter	Settings
Send trigger telegrams cyclically	no
	1 second
	5 seconds
	10 seconds
	30 seconds
	1 minute
33 1	legram is sent to the master only on the first triggering. However, if the user in be achieved, but the above parameters must be set accordingly.

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2.4.1.2 Versohlt time

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings	
Timer	one overshoot time two overshoot times variable overshoot time	
This parameter determines whether the overshoot time is always the same ("One overshoot time") or can be changed via a bus telegram (object no. 21). If "Two overshoot times" are set, then overshoot time 0 or overshoot time 1 can be selected via the telegram. If the "Timer" parameter is set to "variable overshoot times," then the telegram can stipulate a value.		
Hours [0 23]	0 – 23, 0	
Minutes [0 59]	0 – 59, 0	
Seconds [0 59]	0 – 59, 10	

These parameters determine the minimum time for a detected HVAC presence. At the end of the overshoot time, one or two telegrams are sent on the bus (configurable). If a HVAC presence has already been detected (overshoot time running) and further motion occurs, then the overshoot time is restarted.

If the "Timer" parameter described above is set to "Two overshoot times," then these parameters are available twice (overshoot time 0 and overshoot time 1).

2.4.1.3 <u>End of HVAC Presence</u>

The following parameters are visible only if the device is working as a standalone device or as a master (parameter "Device works as" is set to "Single or master device").

Parameter	Settings
If HVAC-Presence is no longer detected, send (C)	no telegram
_	On
	Off
	8-bit value
	scene recall
	16-bit value (decimal)
	16-bit value (temperature)
	16-bit value (brightness)
This parameter determines whether a telegram or which the overshoot time.	telegram is sent, if no further HVAC presence has been detected by the end of
Send second telegram (D)	no
	yes
This parameter determines whether a second telegram is	s sent after a delay to the first.
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range $0-255$.	"If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "8-bit value".
Scene number	Scene 1, scene 2, scene 64
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter	"If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "scene recall".
This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit scene	
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameter imal)".	"If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (dec-
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 655	35.
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Parameter	Settings
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parameterature)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range	eter "If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value (tem-
0.0°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.	
Value	0LUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
This parameter is visible only if the preceding para (brightness)". This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in t	meter "If HVAC presence is no longer detected, send (C)" is set to "16-bit value the range 0 LUX $$ - 2000 LUX $$
Delay for second telegram [0 255 Seconds]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parametris determines the time interval between sending the	
Second Telegramm (D)	On Off 8-bit value scene recall 16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature) 16-bit value (brightness)
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parame	
This determines the format of the second telegram (D	0).
Value [0 255]	0 - 255, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parametris sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range $0-25$	
Scene number	Scene 1, scene 2, scene 64
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parametris parameter determines the number of the 8-bit so	
Value [0 65535]	0 - 65535, 0
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parame This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 – 65535.	eter "Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (decimal)".
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parametris sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range $0.0^{\circ}\text{C}/32\text{F}-40.0^{\circ}\text{C}/104\text{F}.$	eter "Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (temperature)".
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX; 100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX; 500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX; 900LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX
This parameter is visible only if the preceding parame This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 LU	eter "Second telegram (D)" is set to "16-bit value (brightness)". IX - 2000 LUX .

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Parameter	Settings		
Send second telegram (D) cyclically	no		
	1 second		
	5 seconds		
	10 seconds		
	30 seconds		
	1 minute		
If you want cyclical sending after a motion is detected, th	en this parameter must be set to the corresponding value.		
Send telegram (C) [and D] after bus voltage recovery	no		
	yes		
This parameter determines whether telegram C and (if configured) telegram D are also sent automatically after bus voltage recovery			
Dead time after end of detection 0 - 59, 5			
[0 59 Seconds]			

The dead time is used to protect the actuator that is connected to the presence detector. If a motion occurs in the dead time, the presence detector does not switch on.

Note 1: The dead time should be longer than the delay time between telegrams C and D, because otherwise telegram D may fail.

Note 2: Because the sensor is enabled internally for approximately 3 seconds after detecting a motion, it can be that a motion detected during the dead time also triggers a telegram. This is the case if the motion is detected during the last 3 seconds of the dead time. To guarantee that the dead time is effective, it should be chosen to be as large as possible.

Dead time is also applied for extension input	no
	yes

If the dead time is configured such that it also acts on the secondary device, then a trigger received from the secondary device is "interim stored" by the detector. The corresponding telegrams A to D will be sent after the dead time has elapsed.

If the parameter is set to "No", then the triggers received from the secondary device, take effect immediately.

2.4.2 Communication objects

Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
17	Start of HVAC-Presence, A	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected presence or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

Note: After bus voltage recovery, there is a break of approximately 30 seconds before the detector can send via this object.

18	Start of HVAC-Presence, B	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the beginning of a detected presence or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (OLUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

Telegram B is sent after telegram A, if this has been configured. The delay time between A and B is also configurable.

Subject to changes

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Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
19	End of HVAC-Presence, C	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the end of a detected presence or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (OLUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

20	End of HVAC-Presence, D	value	1 Byte/ 2 Byte	CRWT
		On/Off	1 bit	
		recall	1 Byte	

Depending on the setting, this object sends one of the following values to the bus at the end of a detected presence or on external triggering:

- Switch On/Off DPT 1.001
- 8-bit value (decimal) (0 255) DPT 5.001
- 16-bit value (decimal) (0 65 535) DPT 7.001
- 16-bit value (temperature) (0.0°C / 32F 40.0°C / 104F) DPT 9.001
- 16-bit value (brightness) (0LUX 2000LUX) DPT 9.004
- 8-bit scene recall –DPT 17.001

Telegram D is sent after telegram C, if this has been configured. The delay time between C and D is also configurable.

21	HVAC-Presence, overshoot time	value	2 Byte 8.001	CRWT
		Off = 1 On = 2	1 bit 1.001	

This object controls the detector overshoot time. Depending on configuration either an actual value (DPT 8.001, resolution 1 second) or one of the preconfigured overshoot times (overshoot time 0 or overshoot time 1) is selected.

This object is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus voltage recovery.

	 3	3	3		
22	HVAC-Presence lock		On/Off	1 bit	CRWTU
				1.003	

This object locks and releases the detector again.

The parameter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to set whether the detector is locked when a "0" is received or when a "1" is received. It can also be determined that the detector is never locked, regardless of the above object.

Note: Any HVAC-presence detections annunciated via objects 23 and 24, Extension input motion, are still obeyed.

A locked detector does not evaluate detected motions.

The start value after bus voltage recovery is configurable.

23	Extension input, HVAC-Presence	On	1 bit	CRWT
			1.001	

The detector is triggered from external via this object. This means, as soon as the detector receives the value "1" via this object, telegram A and B (object 17 and 18) are sent, according to the configuration.

24	Extension input, HVAC-Presence	Off	1 bit	CRWT
1			1.001	

The detector is switched off from external via this object. This means, as soon as the detector receives the value "0" via this object, telegram C and D (object 19 and 20) are sent, according to the configuration.

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2.5 2-level light controller (on-off)

2.5.1 Parameter

Parameter	Settings	
Source for brightness value (actual value)	internal value external value	
This parameter selects the source for the brightness value.		
Setpoint value via parameter parameter changeable via object		
This parameter determines whether the setpoint for light control are set to a fixed value, which in each case can be changed only using the ETS, or whether the corresponding factory-provided values can be changed via the bus, via a communication object. The value received via the communication object overwrites the factory-provided parameter value and is stored permanently.		

2.5.1.1 Switch-On

Parameter	Settings
Switch on, if brightness is lower than xx LUX	100 – 1600, 500
This parameter determines the starting brightness value from which the "Switching on" telegram (object no. 51) will be sent. If the brightness value for switching on is greater than the brightness value for switching off, then the value for switching on will be so by the controller to the value for switching off, i.e. both values are then identical. This means that the controller only has to send a telegram to switch on. Switching off in this case is a manual process.	
Note 1: The internal light sensor has a measurement range from 20 to 1000 LUX. It is therefore sensible to set a threshold above LUX only if an external sensor, having a corresponding measurement range, is used for brightness measurement, or indirect measurement has been configured. Note 2: Depending on the internal recalculation of the value, this can cause impreciseness when resolving of approximately 5%.	

0

Switch on, not before xx seconds.	0 - 59	. 10

This parameter determines the interval at which the corresponding telegram for switching on is sent after falling below the nominal brightness value.

2.5.1.2 Switch-Off

Parameter	Settings
Switch off, if brightness is higher than xx LUX	250 - 1600, 900
Note 1: The internal light sensor has a measurement ran LUX only if an external sensor, having a corresponding n ment has been configured.	from which the "Switching off" telegram (object no. 52) will be sent. ge from 20 to 1000 LUX. It is therefore sensible to set a threshold above 1000 neasurement range, is used for brightness measurement, or indirect measurelue, this can cause impreciseness when resolving of approximately 5%.
Switch off, not before xx seconds.	0 -59, 20
This parameter determines the interval at which the correbrightness value.	esponding telegram for switching off is sent after exceeding the nominal

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Application program description

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2.5.2 Communication objects

14			Type	Flags
	Control unit On/Off (on-off)	On/Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
	switches the controller on or off per group addres ce detector, for example.	s. This information can come from a	a bus button or fro	m the output obje
15	Automatic mode (on-off)	On/Off	1 bit	CWT
er works ir manually o	ler notifies its internal status to the outside world automatic mode, or the value "Off." Moreover, the power, the power, the state of the control of the co			
16	Setpoint for switching on	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW
:he value fr	notifies the brightness controller of the setpoint for om the parameter "Switch on if brightness value for is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus	ess than xx LUX" is used as the setp		ırrence of a value
47	Setpoint for switching off	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW
	notifies the brightness controller of the setpoint fo			urrence of a value
	om the parameter "Switch off if brightness value of		etpoint.	
	is saved at bus voltage failure and restored at bus	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
48	Input switching value (on-off)	On/Off	1 bit	CWT
f a value (ogical 0 or 1) is received via this object, the cont	erallar switches off (automatic mod	1.001	as boon overwrit
from outsic		ioner switches on (automatic mou	e Oil), because it i	ias been overwin
Only by rec	eiving "logical 1" via object no. 44 will the controll	ler be switched on again (automatic	mode on).	
19	Input dimming value (on-off)	brighter / darker	4 bit 3.007	CWT
f a value is	received via this object, the controller switches of	ff, because it has been overwritten f	rom outside.	
Only by rec	eiving "logical 1" via object no. 44 will the controll	ler be switched on again (automatic	mode on).	
50	Input dimming value (on-off)	value	1 Byte 5.001	CWT
	0-255) is received via this object, the controller sw			de.
Only by rec	eiving "logical 1" via object no. 44 will the controll	ler be switched on again (automatic	mode on).	
51	Switching (on-off)	On	1 bit 1.001	CWT
	is one of the outputs of the two-point controller. I iven period of time.	t sends the value "On" if the brightr	ness is below the de	efined brightness
52	Switching (on-off)	Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
	is one of the outputs of the two-point controller. I iven period of time.	t sends the value "Off" if the brightr	ness is below the d	efined brightness

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2.6 Constant light level control continuous

2.6.1 Parameter

2.6.1.1 Aktual value

Parameter	Settings
Source for brightness value	only internal value only external value 25% intern / 75% extern 50% intern / 50% extern 75% intern / 25% extern lower value of intern and extern upper value of intern und extern

2.6.1.2 Setpoint

This parameter determines the source for the brightness value. Additionally, the weight of internal and external sources can be selected.

eu.	
Setpoint value via	parameter
	parameter changeable via object

The setpoint can be either configured as a fixed value (ETS parameter) or as a dynamic value (via object). Either the setpoint can be sent to the device as a brightness value in LUX via object no. 55 (DPT 9.004 / EIS5) or the setpoint can be changed via a dimming command (object no. 56).

When the setpoint was changed the current valid value is sent via object no. 55.

Setpoint in LUX	[250 – 1600]
-----------------	--------------

250 - 1600, **600**

This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter".

This parameter determines the brightness setpoint for constant light level control in the range of 250 - 1600 LUX.

Min. setpoint in LUX [250 - 1600]

250 - 1600, **400**

This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object".

This parameter determines the minimum brightness setpoint for constant light level control changed via relative and absolute dimming commands (see objects 55 and 56).

Max. setpoint in LUX [250 – 1600] (=Start value) 250 - 1600, 1000

This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object".

This parameter determines the maximum brightness setpoint for constant light level control changed via relative and absolute dimming commands (see object 55 and 56).

If the maximum brightness level was accidentally configured lower than the minimum level then the maximum setpoint is set to [minimum setpoint + 10].

Change of setpoint per dimming step	1/64 (2%)
	1/32 (3%)
	1/16 (6%)
	1/8 (13%)
	1/4 (25%)
	1/2 (50%)

This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object". This parameter determines the value of the constant light level control setpoint changing per dimming step if dimming with stop telegram is used.

Light can be switched off when setpoint is zero	
	Ves

This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object". This parameter determines whether the controller on receipt of the value "0" via object 55 shall switch to the state "Off". In that case, the controller function stops and at the same time the actuators are turned off with a dimming value of "0" via object 61 and, if applicable, via objects 64, 66, 68, and 70. Additionally, switching off telegrams are sent via object 60 and, if applicable, via objects 63, 65, 67, and 69, if parameter "Start and finish constant light level control with" is set accordingly.

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Parameter	Settings
Control can be started when setpoint is greater than	no
zero	yes

This parameter is only visible if the previous parameter "Setpoint value via" has been set to "parameter changeable via object".

This parameter determines whether the controller switches from the state "inactive" to the state "active" if a setpoint value greater than "0" is received via object 55.

At the same time the received LUX value is the new set point.

2.6.1.3 Controller

Parameter	Settings
Maximal deviation from setpoint value (hysteresis)	+/- 5%
	+/- 10%
	+/- 15%
	+/- 20%
This parameter determines the difference between current value and setpoint value that activates the controller.	
This parameter only affects the control of the main lighting group.	
Send dimming value every (controller speed)	1 second

Send dimming value every (controller speed)	1 second
	2 seconds
	3 seconds
	5 seconds
	10 seconds
	20 seconds

This parameter determines the interval for sending the calculated control values.

Note: When an external measurement is used then setting the parameter to 1 second makes sense, assuming that the external value is received within half of the time selected here. When the internal measurement is used this parameter should be set to a value that is at least double the value of the parameter setting of "Number of values for calculation of average".

	3
Timeout for automatic off [min]	0 – 230, 3
(0 = no automatic off)	

If the actuating variable of the controller in the "active" state has reached the configured minimum level and at the same time the current value of the measured brightness is higher than the brightness setpoint, then the controller changes into the state "standby" and sends a switching telegram with the value "Off".

The period from reaching the condition described above to switching into the state "standby" is determined by the previous parameter in the range 1-255 minutes. If that parameter is set to "0" then the controller remains in the state "active" with the minimum control values.

Additional hysteresis for restart when controller was	0 – 230, 100
in standby[LUX]	

When the controller is in the state "standby" and the current light level value drops below the setpoint value minus hysteresis minus additional hysteresis then the controller automatically changes into the state "active".

Note: If setpoint value minus hysteresis minus additional hysteresis is lower than 50 LUX, then 50 LUX is used as the limit for changing back to the state "active".

Start and finish constant light level control with	only dimming-value telegram
	additional switching telegram at begin of control
	additional switching telegram at stop of control
	additional switching telegram at begin and stop

This parameter determines the type of telegrams sent by the constant light level controller on start and ending of the control activity (switching into state "active" respectively leaving the "active" state).

2.6.1.4 Controller output

Parameter	Settings
Max. step for dimming	1 (0,5%); 3 (1,1%); 4 (1,5%); 5 (2,0%) ; 6 (2,5%), 7 (2,7%); 10 (3,9%)

This parameter determines the maximum step of the control value to be used for dimming.

Note: The maximum step for dimming should be chosen such that a change of the dimming value does not change the illumination more than the configured hysteresis of the set point.

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Parameter	Settings
First dim-value, when control starts	copy from parameter
	query from actuator's status
	calculate start value
This parameter determines how the first dimming value	(starting value) for the control is established.
query from actuator's status (default setting):	
	errogated via a status read request and the control loop is started with this value could have been changed by a relative dimming command while the control
loop was inactive. The status read request does not work	
calculate start value:	•
Before the control starts the current actual value is mea	sured. This value represents the mixed light (daylight and artificial light). Using
	orightness is then computed into the control value, which is used as a starting
value for the control.	
copy from parameter:	
This parameter setting is used if the other two options d	o not apply.
Max. dimming value Master [1 255]	1 – 255, 255
This parameter determines the maximum dimming valu	e of the master.
Min. dimming value Master [1 255]	1 – 255, 1
This parameter determines the minimum dimming value	e of the master.
Master / slave operation	no
	yes
This parameter determines whether the controller runs is	n master/slave operation or not.
First dim value	1 – 255, 128
[1 255]	
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "First dim	-value when control starts" is set to "copy from parameter".
This parameter determines the starting value used by th	e controller for the control value.
First dim-value when, reading from object fails	1 – 255, 128

[1...255]
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "First dim value when control starts" is set to "query from actuator's status".

This parameter determines the starting value used by the controller for the control value if the status query of the dimming actuator does not return a value within one second.

2.6.1.5 <u>Slaves</u>

The following parameters are only visible if the parameter "master/slave operation" has been set to "Yes".

Parameter	Settings		
Mode of calculation	calculating via characteristic		
	calculating via offsets		
This parameter determines how the control value for the	additional lighting groups is calculated.		
calculating via characteristic: The control values for the additional lighting groups are derived from the main control value by calibration curves transforming the measured (main) luminance level into a calculated luminance level for the position of each addition lighting groups. If this setting is selected parameter settings in 3.6.6-a apply. calculating via offset: The control values for the additional lighting groups are derived from the main control value by an offset that is entered for each additional lighting group. If this setting is selected parameter settings in 3.6.6-b apply.			
Number of slaves	1 – 4, 4		
This parameter determines the number of additional light	ting control groups.		
Max. dimming value slave 1 [2, 3, 4] [1 255]	1 – 255, 255		
This parameter determines the maximum dimming value	of the respective additional lighting control group (14).		

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Parameter	Settings	
Min. dimming value slave 1 [2, 3, 4] [1 255]	1 – 255, 1	
This parameter determines the minimum dimming value of the respective additional lighting control group (14).		

2.6.1.5.1 Slave offset data

The following parameters are only visible if the parameter "master/slave operation" has been set to "Yes" and the parameter "Mode of calculation" has been set to "calculation via offsets".

Parameter	Settings		
Offset for slave 1 to the master dimming value in percent (-100100)	0 (-100100)		
This parameter determines the offset used to calculate the dimming value for sl <u>Note</u> : The limits for the minimum and maximum control values apply.	ave 1 from the dimming value of the master.		
Offset for slave 2 to the master dimming value in percent (-100100)	0 (-100100)		
This parameter determines the offset used to calculate the dimming value for slave 2 from the dimming value of the master. Note: The limits for the minimum and maximum control values apply.			
Offset for slave 3 to the master dimming value in percent (-100100)	0 (-100100)		
This parameter determines the offset used to calculate the dimming value for slave 3 from the dimming value of the master. Note: The limits for the minimum and maximum control values apply.			
Offset for slave 4 to the master dimming value in percent (-100100) 0 (-100100)			
This parameter determines the offset used to calculate the dimming value for slave 4 from the dimming value of the master. Note: The limits for the minimum and maximum control values apply.			

2.6.1.5.2 Slave calibration data

The following parameters are only visible if the parameter "master/slave operation" has been set to "Yes" and the parameter "Mode of calculation" has been set to "calculation via characteristic".

Parameter	Settings
Position of Master [A E]	at measuring position A at measuring position B at measuring position C at measuring position D at measuring position E
	n lighting control group. The number of positions depends on the number of e parameter "number of slaves". If e.g. the "number of slaves" was set to "2"
Measured LUX value at position A [02000]	0 – 2000, 0
Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	n A with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.
Measured LUX value at position B [02000]	0 – 2000, 0
Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	n B with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.
Measured LUX value at position C [02000]	0 – 2000, 0
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "number of Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	f slaves" has been set to "2", "3" or "4". n C with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.
Measured LUX value at position D [02000]	0 – 2000, 0
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "number of Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	f slaves" has been set to "3" or "4". n D with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.
Measured LUX value at position E [02000]	0 – 2000, 0
This parameter is only visible if the parameter "number of Enter the illumination value measured at lighting position	f slaves" has been set to "4". n E with an luminance (LUX) meter in the range of 02000 LUX.

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2.6.1.6 Control characteristic

Parameter	Settings
Delay until next step	10 - 60, 12

This parameter determines the period (range: 10 to 60 seconds) between each of the brightness measurements of the controller during calibration (compare object 71).

Note: Select a higher value for lamps with a longer warm up phase until providing full light output.

2.6.2 Communication objects

Objno.	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
43	Control actual value (continuous)	value in LUX	2 Byte 9.004	CRW
Via the group address assigned to this object the surrent central actual value in LLIV is transmitted on a read request				

Via the group address assigned to this object the current control actual value in LUX is transmitted on a read request. Note: Set the Transmit (T) flag for sending on change of value.

53	Control unit On/Off (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit	CWT
			1.001	

The constant light level controller can be switched on or off via a group address assigned to this object. This command may come from a wall switch or an output object of a presence detector.

When a logical "0" is received the controller is turned off, i.e. set point value and actual value are no longer compared. Thus the constant light level control is stopped. When the controller is turned off the control value 0 is sent.

When a logical "1" is received the controller is turned on.

On bus voltage recovery the controller is turned off, independent of the status the controller had before bus voltage failure.

54	Status, Automatic mode (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit	CRT
----	-------------------------------------	----------	-------	-----

The controller communicates its internal state via this object. When the state "on" is communicated the controller is either in the state "active" or "standby". When the state "Off" is communicated then the controller is either in the state "inactive" or "off". Writing to this object has no effect.

	 ,			
55	Setpoint abs. (DPT 9.004) (continuous)	value in LUX	2 Byte	CRWT
			9 004	

Via this object the setpoint for the constant light level control is set. Until the first value is received the value of the parameter "Maximum setpoint in LUX" is used as default value.

Note 1: The currently valid control setpoint is sent via this object onto the bus on change of value, thus allowing a visualization to display the current value.

Note 2: When the setpoint value changes the control process may be active dependent on the determined calibration curve even if the actual value is within the range defined by the setpoint and the hysteresis.

Note 3: On bus voltage recovery the value of this object is sent automatically.

Note 4: The setpoint value is limited by the configuration settings for minimum / maximum set point value.

Note 5: On reception of 0 the set point value is not changed.

56	Setpoint rel. (DPT 3007) (continuous)	brighter / darker	4 bit	CRW
			3.007	

Via this object the setpoint can be changed relative to the current value. The controller increments or decrements the internal setpoint every second by a dimming value set via parameter, if "dimming with stop telegram" is used.

Note 1: The controller can process relative changes of the setpoint only every second. When e.g. two ¼-brighter dimming telegrams are received within 200ms then both are joined together. The result is one dimming brighter command with about 56% increase.

Note 2: The setpoint value is limited by the configuration settings for minimum / maximum set point value.

57	Control stop, switching value (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit	CWT
1 ,	control stop, switching value (continuous,	0.17, 0.1.	1 001	

When a value is received via this object then the controller changes its state to "inactive". In this state the controller is passive, i.e. no control commands are sent onto the bus.

58	Control stop, dimming (continuous)	brighter / darker	4 bit	CWTU
			3.007	

When a value is received via this object then the controller changes its state to "inactive". In this state the controller is passive, i.e. no control commands are sent onto the bus.

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ojno.	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
)	Control stop, dimming value (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CWTU
	lue is received via this object then the controller changes nmands are sent onto the bus.	s its state to "inactive". In this st	ate the controller	is passive, i.e. no
)	Output switching Master (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
ess is belo	ject the controller sends on and off control commands to ow the defined brightness setpoint for a defined time. It or when the controller changes from the state "active" to nes off".	sends the value "Off" when the	controller receive	ed a logical "0" via
ļ	Output dimming value (Master)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	СШТU
a this obj	ject the controller sends the dimming values for the mai	n lighting group.		
2	Master status dimming (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CWTU
a this obj	ject the current dimming value of the dimming actuator	for the main lighting group (ma	aster) can be reac	l.
3	Output switching Slave1 (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
ightness	ject the controller sends on and off control commands to is below the defined brightness setpoint for a defined ti 53 or when the controller changes from the state "active	me. It sends the value "Off" whe		
1	Output dimming value Slave1 (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CWT
a this obj	ject the controller sends the dimming values for the first	additional lighting group.		
5	Output switching Slave2 (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
e brightr	ject the controller sends on and off control commands to ness is below the defined brightness setpoint for a define object 53 or when the controller changes from the state	ed time. It sends the value "Off"		
5	Output dimming value Slave2 (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CWT
a this obj	ject the controller sends the dimming values for the seco	ond additional lighting group.	•	
7	Output switching Slave3 (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
e brightr	ject the controller sends on and off control commands to ness is below the defined brightness setpoint for a define object 53 or when the controller changes from the state	ed time. It sends the value "Off"		
3	Output dimming value Slave3 (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CWT
a this obj	ject the controller sends the dimming values for the third	d additional lighting group.	1	
)	Output switching Slave4 (continuous)	On / Off	1 bit 1.001	CWT
e brightr	ject the controller sends on and off control commands to ness is below the defined brightness setpoint for a define object 53 or when the controller changes from the state	ed time. It sends the value "Off"		
)	Output dimming value Slave4 (continuous)	dimming value	1 Byte 5.001	CWT
e brightr I "0" via (ness is below the defined brightness setpoint for a define object 53 or when the controller changes from the state	ed time. It sends the value "Off" "active" to the state "standby". dimming value		group. It sends th when the control

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Objno.	Object name	Function	Туре	Flags
71	Calibration of master (continuous)	1=Start / 0=Stop	1 bit	CWT
			1.010	

Via this object the calibration process of the controller is started with a logical "1".

Required is that controller has status "inactive".

After completion of the calibration process the controller is in the state "inactive".

Via this object the calibration process of the controller is stopped with a logical "0".

Note: After a successful calibration the actuators are dimmed to 50%. After a failed calibration the actuators are dimmed to the minimum dimming level (~ 6%).

2.7 IR-Decoder

2.7.1 Parameter

Parameter	Settings	
Use pair F for	set programming mode (Left: Off / Right: On)	
	IR-Channel F	
This parameter determines which mode pair F is used.		
IR-Channel F: Configuration of button pair F possible		
Programming Mode : Pair F is used only for enable or dis	able programming mode via IR remote control.	
Value of IR-locking object after bus voltage recovery	Off (0)	
	On (1)	
	as before bus voltage failure	
	query via bus	
This parameter determines which value the locking object for the IR decoder will take when bus voltage returns.		
Detect long key press for dimming, shutter and stepping after	0.5 seconds; 0.6 seconds; 0.8 seconds; 1.0 seconds; 1.2 second; 1.5 seconds; 2.0 seconds; 2.5 seconds; 3.0 seconds; 4.0 seconds; 5.0 seconds; 6.0 seconds; 7.0 seconds; 10.0 seconds	
This parameter determines the time from which holding key press.	down a key for the dimming, shutter or dimming with value is deemed a long	
Detect long key press for scene saving after	0.5 seconds ; 0.6 seconds; 0.8 seconds; 1.0 seconds; 1.2 second; 1.5 seconds; 2.0 seconds; 2.5 seconds; 3.0 seconds; 4.0 seconds; 5.0 seconds; 6.0 seconds; 7.0 seconds; 10.0 seconds	
This parameter determines the time from which holding down a key for the scene saving function is deemed a long key press.		
Cycle time for stepping value	0.5 seconds; 0.6 seconds; 0.8 seconds; 1.0 seconds ; 1.2 seconds; 1.5 seconds; 2.0 seconds; 2.5 seconds; 3.0 seconds; 4.0 seconds; 5.0 seconds 6.0 seconds; 7.0 seconds; 10.0 seconds	
This parameter determines the cycle time after which, du value.	ring a long key press, an increased or reduced value is sent for the stepping	

2.7.1.1 Button mode A

Parameter	Settings
Function	disabled
	button pair
	single buttons
This parameter selects whether button pair A is assigned functions jointly or individually. Alternatively, the button pair can be locked completely.	

The following parameters are visible only if the IR channel mode is set to "Button pair."

Parameter	Settings
Swap left and right button	no
	yes
These parameters exchange the initialized functions of the	ne right and left buttons.

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Parameter	Settings	
Lock IR-buttons via comm-object	no yes, if locking object = 0 yes, if locking object = 1	
This parameter determines how the value of	f the locking object is analyzed.	
Function	dimming shutter 8-bit value, variable scene recall / store	
This parameter sets the function for the bur	tons on the remote control.	
Behavior on short pressing (left/right)	On / Off toggle / toggle	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter	er "Function" is set to "Dimming". oonding object when the buttons are pressed.	

On" or "Off": On pressing, an "On" or an "Off" telegram is sent.

"Toggle": With each press, the inverse object value for the corresponding switching object is sent (toggling).

Upper limit	0 – 255, 255
Step value (increase)	0 – 255, 1

These two parameters are visible only if the parameter "Function" has been set to "8-bit value, variable".

If the left key is given a long press, beginning with the last status value, an 8-bit value is sent cyclically on the bus, which is increased by the step value until the threshold is reached.

If the last status value was already above the upper limit, it is not sent.

Lower limit	0 – 255, 0
Step value (decrease)	0 – 255, 1

These two parameters are visible only if the parameter "Function" has been set to "8-bit value, variable".

If the right key is given a long press, beginning with the last status value, an 8-bit value is sent cyclically on the bus, which is decreased by the step value until the threshold is reached.

If the last status value was already below the lower limit, it is not sent.

Scene number left button	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64

This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function" has been set to "Scene recall/store".

It sets the sent scene number when the left key is pressed. A short button press calls up the relevant scene, a long button press saves the current scene under the corresponding number.

Scene number right button	scene 1, scene 2, scene 64

This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Function" has been set to "Scene recall/store".

It sets the sent scene number when the right key is pressed. A short button press calls up the relevant scene, a long button press saves the current scene under the corresponding number.

The following parameters are visible only if the IR channel mode is set to "Single buttons".

Parameter	Settings
Lock IR-buttons via comm-object	no yes, if locking object = 0 yes, if locking object = 1
This parameter determines how the value of the locking object is analyzed.	

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Parameter	Settings	
Function (button left)	Off	
	On	
	toggle	
	8-bit value	
	16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature)	
	16-bit value (temperature)	
	scene recall	
This parameter sets the function for the buttons on	the remote control.	
Function (button right)	Off	
	On	
	toggle	
	8-bit value	
	16-bit value (decimal) 16-bit value (temperature)	
	16-bit value (temperature)	
	scene recall	
This parameter sets the function for the buttons on		
Bell function: press = off, release = on	no	
	yes	
	tion" (button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "Off".	
The result is that a corresponding telegram is sent w		
Bell function: press = on, release = off	no yes	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Func	tion" (button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "On".	
The result is that a corresponding telegram is sent when the button is released.		
Value [0 255]	0 – 255, 0	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Func	tion" (button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "8-bit value".	
This sets the 8-bit value to be sent in the range $0-2$	255.	
Value [0 65535]	0 – 65535, 0	
imal)".	ction" (button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "16-bit value (dec-	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 –		
Value	0.0°C / 32F; 0.5°C / 32F; 1.0°C / 34F; 1.5°C /35F; 16.5°C / 62F; 39.5°C/ 103F; 40.0°C / 104F	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Fund perature)".	ction" (button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "16-bit value (tem-	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0.0	°C / 32F - 40.0°C / 104F.	
Value	OLUX; 1LUX; 2LUX; 3LUX; 4LUX; 5LUX; 7LUX; 10LUX; 20LUX; 50LUX;	
	100LUX; 150LUX; 200LUX; 250LUX; 300LUX; 350LUX; 400LUX; 450LUX;	
	500LUX; 550LUX; 600LUX; 650LUX; 700LUX; 750LUX; 800LUX; 850LUX;	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "E	900LUX; 950LUX; 1000LUX; 2000LUX unction" (button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "16-bit value	
(brightness)".	inclion (button left) or runction (button light) have been set to 10-bit value	
This sets the 16-bit value to be sent in the range 0 L	UX - 2000 LUX .	
Scene number	Scene 1, scene 2, scene 64	
This parameter is visible only if the parameter "Func	tion" (button left)" or "Function (button right)" have been set to "scene recall".	
This parameter determines the number of the 8-bit		

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2.7.1.2 <u>Button Pair B [C, D, E, F]</u>

Parameter	Settings
Function	disabled button pair single buttons
This parameter selects whether button pair B [C, D, E, F] is assigned functions jointly or individually. Alternatively, the button pair can be locked completely.	

All other parameter settings are performed similar to button pair A and are therefore not mentioned here again.

2.7.2 Communication objects

Objno.	Object name	Function	Type	Flags
30 (32,	IR-Channel A (B, C, D, E, F) left	value	1 Byte	CRWT
34, 36, 38,			5.001	
40)		value	2 Byte	
		16-bit (decimal)	7.001	
		16-bit (temperature)	9.001	
		16-bit (brightness)	9.004	
		scene 8-bit	1 Byte	
			5.010	
		On / Off / toggle	1 bit	
			1.001	
		up/down	1 bit	
			1.008	
		recall / save	1 Byte	
			18.001	

These objects send the switching, dimming or shutter telegrams from channel [X]. How the telegrams are interpreted depends on the setting of the associated parameter "Function".

31 (33, 35, 37, 39,	IR-Channel A (B,C,D,E,F) right	value 8-bit (decimal)	1 Byte 5.001	CRWT
41)		value	2 Byte	
		16-bit (decimal)	7.001	
		16-bit (temperature)	9.001	
		16-bit (brightness)	9.004	
		scene 8-bit	1 Byte	
			5.010	
		On / Off / toggle	1 bit	
			1.001	
		up / down	1 bit	
			1.008	
		brighter / darker	4 bit	
			3.007	
		recall	1 Byte	
			17.001	

These objects send the switching, dimming or shutter telegrams from channel [X]. How the telegrams are interpreted depends on the setting of the associated parameter "Function".

40	1 11 11 16 18	0 10"	4.1.1	CDINTII
42	Locking object for IR	On / Off	1 bit	CRWTU
			1.003	

This object locks and releases the detector again. The parameter "Lock motion detector via object" is used to set whether the detector is locked when a "0" is received or when a "1" is received. It can also be determined that the detector is never locked, regardless of the above object. A locked detector does not evaluate detected motions. The start value after bus voltage recovery is configurable.

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3 Appendix

3.1 Determination of the correction factor of the brightness sensor (calibration)

To be able to use the integrated brightness sensor, this must be calibrated, since the share of the reflected light, which the sensor measures, is dependent on the reflective area very strongly under the brightness sensor.

The brightness sensor includes only the reflected brightness by the indirect real-time measurement method which there exists under the sensor in the recording area. The integrated regulator needs the brightness for the evaluation, however, in the recording area. This can be calculated by a correction factor multiplied. The so certain correction factor is under parameter brightness measuring - to type correction factor in.

Example:

LUX if a LUX metre on the job surface 500 LUX, suited to below however at the ceiling includes only 200 LUX, the factor simply can be found out arithmetically with 2.5. It is reflected only 40% of the surface. As a parameter "correction factor" 2.5 has to be typed in.

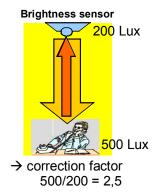


Abb. 8 indirect measuring

Alternative automatic method of computation

The measured density value can be sent to the device by communication object (27), the calculation of the correction factor therefore can be made by the device itself.

Example:

With a LUX metre of measured density value on the job surface at 500 LUX is sent to released communication object 27 by ETS.

Note

This kind of calibration requires a similar share of natural light and artificial light. The correction factor is limited on at most 20.

3.2 Determination of the control characteristic

The natural daylight drops off with increasing room depth. The controller can find the necessary lighting intensity out from the reference measurement under the sensor (master) from measured density values under the up to five lights. The determination of the five (5) density values must be carried out at daylight.

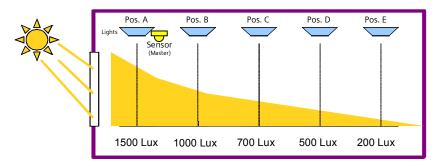


Fig. 9 Natural daylight drops off with increasing room depth

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Example:

Being brightness distribution of the daylight found out with a LUX metre of the density values among the five lights like into Fig. 9 after room depth of Fig.9 represented for the configuration of the control characteristic. The measurements are typed in ETS as a parameter "measured LUX value position A, ..., E". At the same time, the position of the brightness sensor has to be indicated here "to position A".

Note:

This kind of calibration requires sufficiently natural daylight and no artificial light. The determination of the control characteristic is presupposed at the use of parameter "start value". The calculation works all the better the bigger the measurements are. The regulation needs only the relationship of the density values since these are standardized.

3.3 Determination of characteristic of used lights in the room

The light distribution is in the room of importance besides the light distribution in the room depth for an efficient constant light regulation by the radiation characteristic of the lights used. This can be found out at darkness without natural daylight. The inquiry can be started by an initial instruction "1" on the communication object 71. An automatic regulation is therefore possible during the darkness or not use of the room by time switching command during the after-hours. During the procedure the lights are steered for with up to 15 predefined density values. The accompanying brightness is measured in terms of the brightness sensor. A successful regulation is confirmed by the shining of all lights with 50% brightness at the end. In the case of a fault these shine with minimal brightness (approx. 6%). The 15 measurement results can be recorded and evaluated if necessary with the ETS group monitor.

3.4 Example of configuration

This example shows how a controller - consisting of 1 master and 4 expansions – with the functional block "motion detector" can be controlled fully automatically and be over steered manually:

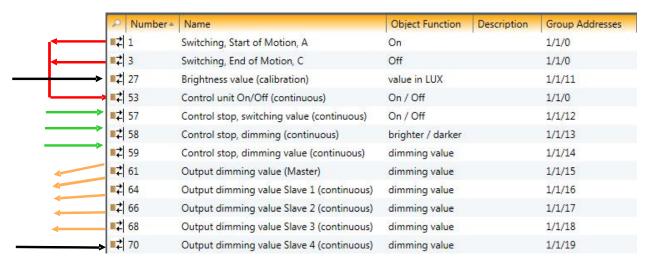


Fig. 10 Communication objects for a presence depending control with five light groups

The communication objects represented in Fig. 10 are needed to operate a controller as a presence dependent fully automatic controller. The controller will be enabled and disabled via object 53. This object is connected to the objects 1 and 3 with the same group address. Object 27 is only visible when the parameter setting is: "Calibration about object". The determination of the correction factor (calibration) must be carried out only once, being repeated, however if e.g. the underground or the reflective area changes.

Objects 57 - 59 are needed for a manual overdriving. A push button of switching, dimming or setting value can interrupt the automatic control, as long as the presence status is "on". As soon as the object 53 goes to "0" and back to "1" by a telegram, the controller is again in the automatic mode. The objects 61, 64, 66, 68 and 70 are the value objects to the lights (actuators). Object 71 starts the determination of the characteristics of the used lights in the room.

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Notes