

FAQ • 02/2017

Changing IP Address and PROFINET Device Name

CP 1543-1, T_CONFIG, STEP 7 (TIA Portal)



https://support.industry.siemens.com/cs/ww/en/view/109744319

This entry is from the Siemens Industry Online Support. The general terms of use (<u>http://www.siemens.com/terms_of_use</u>) apply.

Security Siemens provides products and solutions with industrial security functions that informasupport the secure operation of plants, systems, machines and networks. tion In order to protect plants, systems, machines and networks against cyber threats, it is necessary to implement - and continuously maintain - a holistic, state-of-the-art industrial security concept. Siemens' products and solutions only form one element of such a concept. Customer is responsible to prevent unauthorized access to its plants, systems, machines and networks. Systems, machines and components should only be connected to the enterprise network or the internet if and to the extent necessary and with appropriate security measures (e.g. use of firewalls and network segmentation) in place. Additionally, Siemens' guidance on appropriate security measures should be taken into account. For more information about industrial security, please visit http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity. Siemens' products and solutions undergo continuous development to make them more secure. Siemens strongly recommends to apply product updates as soon as available and to always use the latest product versions. Use of product versions that are no longer supported, and failure to apply latest updates may increase customer's exposure to cyber threats.

To stay informed about product updates, subscribe to the Siemens Industrial Security RSS Feed under <u>http://www.siemens.com/industrialsecurity</u>.

Contents

1	Introduction	.3
2	Instructions	4

1 Introduction

The T_CONFIG instruction is for program-controlled configuration of the integrated PROFINET interfaces of the CPU or of the interfaces of a CP/CM.

Using the T_CONFIG instruction you can change the Ethernet address, the PROFINET device name and the IP address of the NTP server from the user program. The previously valid configuration data is overwritten.

Follow the instructions in Chapter 2 on how to use the T_CONFIG instruction to change the PROFINET device name and the IP address of the CP 1543-1 in running operation.

2 Instructions

Follow the instructions below to change the PROFINET device name and the IP address of the CP 1543-1 in running operation.

Settings in the Properties of the CP 1543-1

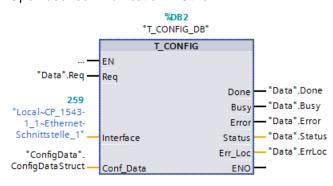
- 1. In the Network or Device view you mark the CP 1543-1. The properties of the CP 1543-1 are displayed in the inspector window.
- 2. Navigate to "Ethernet interface [X1] > Ethernet addresses" and enable the following functions:
 - IP address is set directly at the device
 - Use IPv6 protocol
 - Automatically obtain IPv6 address
 - PROFINET device name is set directly at the device

CP 1543-1_1 [CP 1543-1]		🔍 Properties
General IO tags Syste	em constants Texts	
General Module parameters	Ethernet addresses	
Options Ethernet interface [X1]	Interface networked with	
General Ethernet addresses Advanced options	Subnet: PN/E_1 Add new subnet	
Time synchronization Hardware identifier	ISO protocol	
Web server access DNS configuration	Use ISO protocol MAC address: 08 -00 -06 -01 -00 -00	
FTP configuration		
▼ Security	IP protocol	
Security properties	◯ Set IP address in the project	
4	IP address: <u>192.168.0.1</u> Subnet mask: <u>255.255.255.0</u>	
•	Use router	
	Router address: 0.0.0.0	
	Client ID: IP address is set directly at the device	

CP 1543-1_1 [CP 1543-1]		Sector Properties
General IO tags Syste	m constants Texts	
General	IP routing	
Module parameters	3	
Options		IP routing via backplane bus
▼ Ethernet interface [X1]		
General		
Ethernet addresses	IPv6 protocol	
 Advanced options 		
Time synchronization	Use IPv6 protocol	
Hardware identifier	L	 Automatically obtain IPv6 address
Web server access		IPv6 address from DHCP server
DNS configuration		Client ID:
FTP configuration		
▼ Security		IPv6 address is set directly at the device
Security properties		
second properties		Manual configuration
		IPv6 address 1:
Ĥ		IPv6 address 2:
•		
-	PROFINET	
		PROFINET device name is set directly at the device
		Generate PROFINET device name automatically
	PROFINET device name:	plc_1.cp 1543-1_1
	Converted name:	plcxb1.cpxa1543-1xb179cb
	Device number:	

Call the T_CONFIG instruction in the user program of the CPU

 Call the TC_CONFIG instruction in the user program of the CPU. The T_CONFIG instruction is in the "Instructions" task card under "Communication > Open user communication > Other".



- 2. Set the parameter "Req" = 1 to start processing of the "T_CONFIG" instruction.
- At the "Interface" parameter you specify the hardware identifier of the CP 1543-1. The hardware identifier can be found in the Properties of the CP 1543-1 under "Ethernet interface [X1] > Hardware identifier".

System constants Texts
Hardware identifier
Hardware identifier
Hardware identifier: 259
-
•
-

- 4. At the "Conf_Data" parameter you specify a data structure comprising the following system data types:
 - IF_CONF_Header: Via the header you define the number of the following system data types. The system data type IF_CONF_Header must always be included.
 - IF_CONF_v4: In this system data type you store the IP address, subnet mask and router address.
 - IF_CONF_NOS: In this system data type you store the PROFINET device name. You should only create IF_CONF_NOS if you also want to change the device name via the "T_CONFIG" instruction.

Test_V14 ▶	PLC_1 [CPU 1516-3 PN/DP]	Program blocks	ConfigData [DB3]

Ě		-	I., I	🖟 🚞 🚏 Keep actual values	🔒 Snapshot ඁ 🧐 (Copy snapshots to start vi
ConfigData						
		Na	me		Data type	Start value
1	-00	•	Stat	ic		
2	-	•	• (ConfigData	Struct	
3	-		•	Header	IF_CONF_Header	
4			•	IpData	IF_CONF_v4	
5	-		• 1	NoS	IF_CONF_NOS	

- 5. The system data type IF_CONF_Header is structured as follows:
 - FieldType: This parameter must have the value "0".
 - FieldId: This parameter must have the value "0".
 - SubfieldCount: Number of system data types used. 2 system data types are used in this example: IF_CONF_v4 and IF_CONF_NOS.

Header	IF_CONF_Header	
 FieldType 	UInt	0
 FieldId 	UInt	0
 SubfieldCount 	UInt	2

- 6. The system data type IF_CONF_v4 is structured as follows:
 - Id: Identifier of the system data type. Do not change the start value of this parameter.
 - Length: Length of the system data type IF_CONF_v4. Since the parameters of IF_CONF_v4 have a fixed length and structure, you must use the start value for the length specification.
 - Mode: Validity of the addressing
 1 = Permanent validity of the configuration data
 2 = Temporary validity of the configuration data including deleting of existing permanent configuration data
 - InterfaceAddress: IP address: 192.168.0.3, for example
 - SubnetMask: Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0, for example
 - DefaultRouter: Router address: 192.168.0.5, for example

IpData	IF_CONF_v4	
Id Id	UInt	30
Length	UInt	18
 Mode 	UInt	2
InterfaceAddress	IP_V4	
ADDR	Array[14] of Byte	
ADDR[1]	Byte	16#C0
ADDR[2]	Byte	16#A8
ADDR[3]	Byte	16#0
ADDR[4]	Byte	16#3
SubnetMask	IP_V4	
ADDR	Array[14] of Byte	
ADDR[1]	Byte	16#FF
ADDR[2]	Byte	16#FF
ADDR[3]	Byte	16#FF
ADDR[4]	Byte	16#0
DefaultRouter	IP_V4	
ADDR	Array[14] of Byte	
 ADDR[1] 	Byte	16#C0
ADDR[2]	Byte	16#A8
 ADDR[3] 	Byte	16#0
ADDR[4]	Byte	16#5

- 7. The system data type IF_CONF_NOS is structured as follows:
 - Id: Identifier of the system data type. Do not change the start value of this parameter.
 - Length: Use the default start value "246" at the "Length" parameter for a dynamic length.
 - Mode: Validity of the addressing

1 = Permanent validity of the configuration data

- 2 = Temporary validity of the configuration data including deleting of existing permanent configuration data
- NOS: PROFINET device name: iodevice, for example

	-	IS COUS NOS	
No:	5	IF_CONF_NOS	
	Id	UInt	40
	Length	UInt	246
	Mode	UInt	2
	NOS	Array[1240] of Byte	
	NOS[1]	Byte	Ϋ́Γ
	NOS[2]	Byte	'o'
	NOS[3]	Byte	'd'
	NOS[4]	Byte	'e'
	NOS[5]	Byte	'v'
	NOS[6]	Byte	'i'
	NOS[7]	Byte	'c'
	NOS[8]	Byte	'e'
	NOS[9]	Byte	16#0
	NOS[10]	Byte	16#0